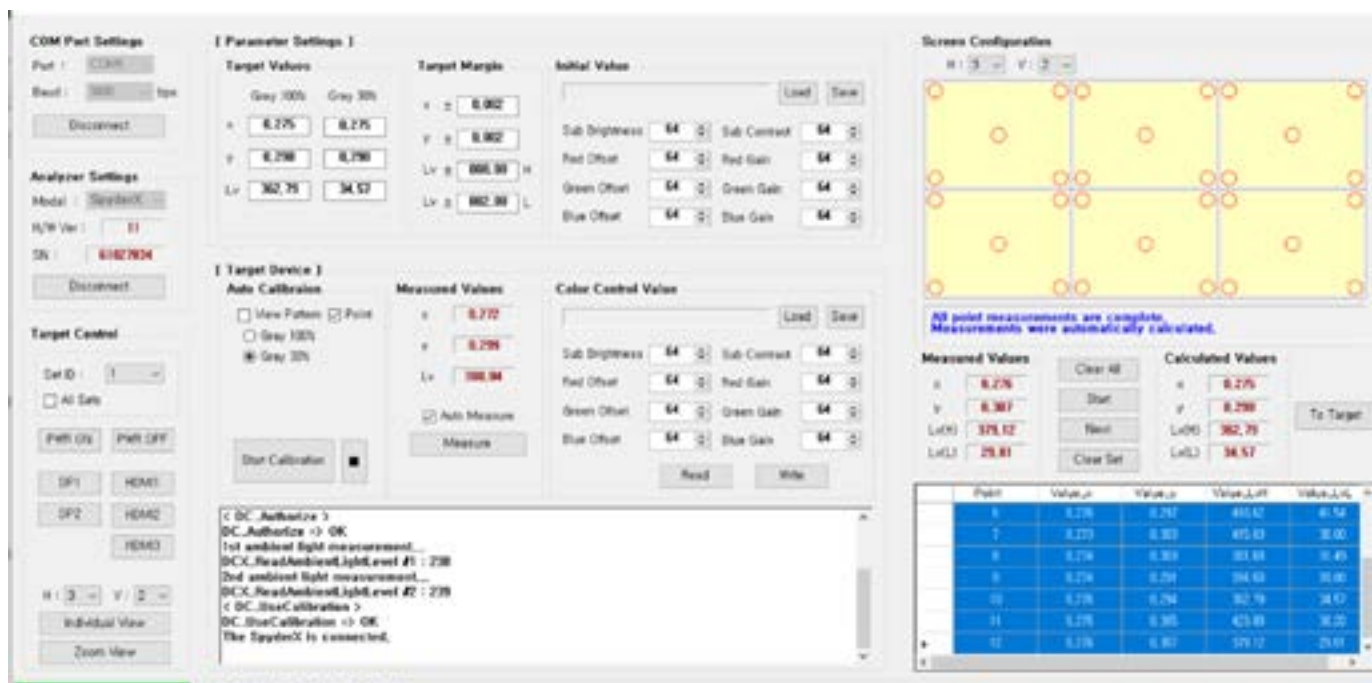


Quick Guide

NEX-Display Wall Calibrator (Auto CALI)



The screenshot displays the software interface for the NEX-Display Wall Calibrator. It is divided into several functional panels:

- COM Port Settings:** Shows the current port (COM3) and a 'Disconnect' button.
- Analyzer Settings:** Displays the model (SpectroX) and a serial number (61827034).
- Parameter Settings:**
 - Target Values:** Includes sliders for x (0.275), y (0.298), and Lv (362.75 / 34.57).
 - Target Margins:** Includes sliders for x (0.002), y (0.002), Lv (888.88 / 882.88).
 - Initial Value:** Includes sliders for Sub Brightness, Sub Contrast, Red Offset, Red Gain, Green Offset, Green Gain, Blue Offset, and Blue Gain, all set to 64.
- Target Device:**
 - Auto Calibration:** Includes checkboxes for 'Use Pattern' and 'Point', and radio buttons for 'Grey 100%' and 'Grey 30%'. A 'Start Calibration' button is present.
 - Measured Values:** Shows x (0.272), y (0.298), and Lv (368.94).
 - Color Control Value:** Includes sliders for Sub Brightness, Sub Contrast, Red Offset, Red Gain, Green Offset, Green Gain, Blue Offset, and Blue Gain, all set to 64.
- Screen Configuration:** A visual grid showing 12 measurement points on a screen. A message states: "All point measurements are complete. Measurements were automatically calculated."
- Measured Values:** Shows x (0.276), y (0.307), LvH (378.02), and LvL (29.81).
- Calculated Values:** Shows x (0.275), y (0.298), LvH (362.75), and LvL (34.57). A 'To Target' button is available.
- Log:** A text area at the bottom showing system messages such as "DC_Authenticate -> OK" and "The SpectroX is connected."

Table of Contents

<u>Wall Calibrator (Auto CALI) UI Description</u>	3
<u>How to use Wall Calibrator (Auto CALI)</u>	4
Overview	4
<u>How to Use the Screen Configuration Window</u>	5
Ex: 2x2 configuration	5
<u>Calibration Process Summary</u>	6
Ex: 2x2 configuration	6
Ex: 3x2 configuration	7
Ex: 4x2 configuration	8
<u>Manual Color Adjustment</u>	9
Adjusting Display Brightness:	9
Basic Color Adjustment:	9
Problem & Solution:	9
<u>Calibration Errors and Readjustment</u>	10
<u>Max & Min Value Calibration Failures</u>	11
Basic Information on Calibration Failures	11
Calibration Failures and Likely Causes	11
Final Countermeasure	11

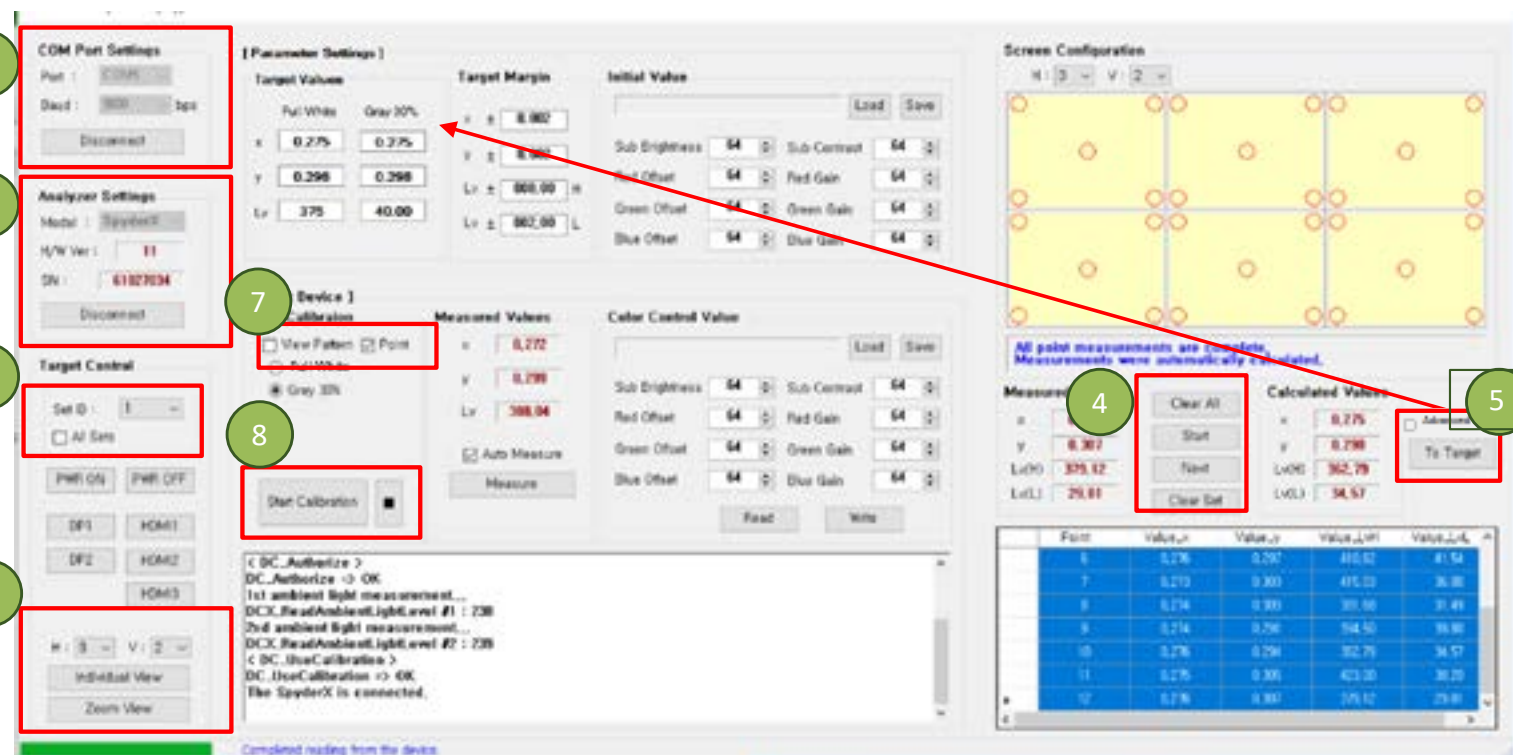
Wall Calibrator (Auto CALI) UI Description



1. COM Port (RS232C) connection
2. Analyzer (SpyderX) connection
3. Target Control (Basic display controls, Set selection)
Double-check selected Set ID from drop-down menu to ensure correct display is targeted for calibration.
4. Parameter settings (Target Values / Margins)
5. Parameter / Initial Values
Load and save parameter files.
6. Start/Stop Calibration
7. Measured values from Analyzer (SpyderX)
8. Color Control values of selected Set ID
9. View Pattern & adjustment points on connected displays.
10. Screen Configuration settings
Screen configuration & point indicator to be measured. Point selected for measurement appears solid red.
11. Measured Values
Clear All: Clear measurement data in measured data table (see #13)
Start: Start measurement
Next: Next measurement pattern or point
Clear Set: Clear measurements for selected set only
12. Calculated Values (available after measurement)
Averaged x, y; lowest Lv based on measured value.
Applied to target values when "To Target" is clicked.
13. Display of measured data, point-by-point.

How to use Wall Calibrator (Auto CALI)

Overview



*If the adjustment point circles on screen are significantly larger than depicted in “Screen Configuration” interface:

- Adjust the resolution of the extended screen (1920X1080 60Hz)
- Setting -> Display -> Extended Screen -> Scale and layout -> 100%

Scale and layout

Change the size of text, apps, and other items

100% (Recommended)

Step 1. Connect to displays via RS232

Step 2. Connect SpyderX analyzer tool

Step 3. Enter video wall configuration settings (Horizontal, Vertical set count)

Step 4. Measurements by Point (see [p.5](#) for more detail)

- Click “Start” button.
- Place analyzer flat/flush on point circled in red. Do not exert too much pressure on panel surface.
- Click “Next” for Gray 100% measurement. “Next” text will turn gray.
- When text returns to black, click “Next” button for Gray 30% measurement.
- Click “Next” button and repeat steps on next indicated point(s).

Step 5. After Calculated Values appear, click the “To Target” button to save the calculated value as the target values.

Step 6. Select Set ID (start with #1) for calibration. Set ID will automatically change to the next after each calibration point.

Step 7. Ensure that “View Pattern” & “Point” boxes are checked.

Step 8. Click “Start Calibration” button**

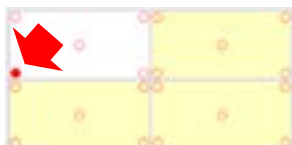
Step 9. Repeat Step 8 for each calibration point (see [pg. 6-8](#) for more detail)

Step 10. Conduct manual adjustments as needed.

**NOTE – You may encounter max or min value errors during calibration. See [p.10](#) for explanation of error messages

How to Use the Screen Configuration Window

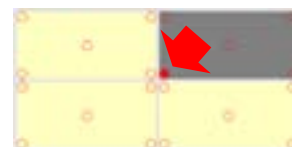
Ex: 2x2 configuration



Step 1.
Click the "Start" button.

Step 2.
First Point (Gray 100%).
After measuring, click the "Next" button.

Step 3.
First Point (Gray 30%).
After measuring, click the "Next" button.

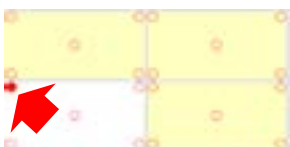


Step 4.
Second Point (Gray 100%).
After measuring, click the "Next" button.

Step 5.
Second Point (Gray 30%).
After measuring, click the "Next" button.

Step 6.
Third Point (Gray 100%).
After measuring, click the "Next" button.

Step 7.
Third Point (Gray 30%).
After measuring, click the "Next" button.



Step 8.
Fourth Point (Gray 100%).
After measuring, click the "Next" button.

Step 9.
Fourth Point (Gray 30%).
After measuring, click the "Next" button.

Step 10.
Fifth Point (Gray 100%).
After measuring, click the "Next" button.

Step 11.
Fifth Point (Gray 30%).
After measuring, click the "Next" button.

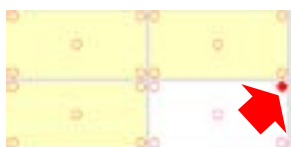


Step 12.
Sixth Point (Gray 100%).
After measuring, click the "Next" button.

Step 13.
Sixth Point (Gray 30%).
After measuring, click the "Next" button.

Step 14.
Seventh Point (Gray 100%).
After measuring, click the "Next" button.

Step 15.
Seventh Point (Gray 30%).
After measuring, click the "Next" button.



Step 16.
Eighth Point (Gray 100%).
After measuring, click the "Next" button.

Step 17.
Eighth Point (Gray 100%).
After measuring, click the "Next" button.



Step 18.
After Calculated Values appear as shown above, click the "To Target" button to save the calculated values as the target values.

Calibration Process Summary

Ex: 2x2 configuration

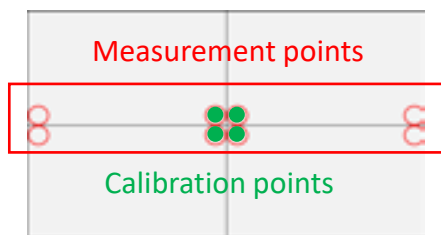
Step 1.
RS232C connection.



Step 2.
SpyderX connection.



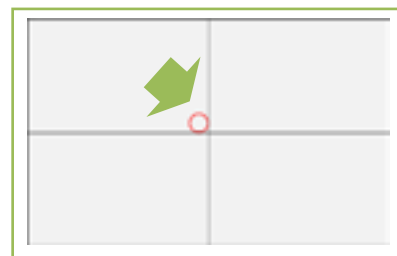
Step 3.
Click to check "View Pattern"
& "Point" boxes.



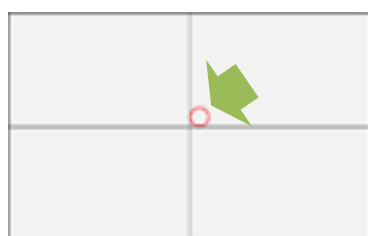
Step 4.
x/y coordinates, Lv measurements
of 8 adjacent corner points
using SpyderX (refer to Screen
Configuration window).



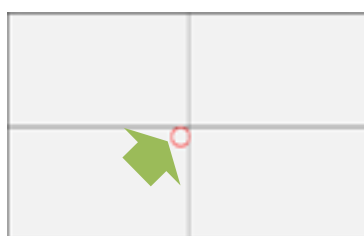
Step 5.
Click the "To Target"
button to save the
calculated values as
the target values.



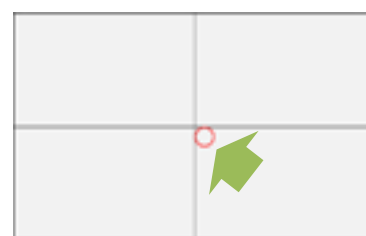
Step 6.
Position the SpyderX on the calibration point and
click "Start Calibration".
The "Screen Configuration" GUI will indicate where
the SpyderX should be positioned, but only after
clicking "Start Calibration".
(Corner point of contact where four displays meet).



Step 7.
Position the SpyderX on the
next calibration point
(Set ID 2) and click "Start
Calibration".



Step 8.
Position the SpyderX on the
next calibration point
(Set ID 3) and click "Start
Calibration".



Step 9.
Position the SpyderX on the
next calibration point
(Set ID 4) and click "Start
Calibration".

- After completing the above steps, conduct manual adjustments as needed.
(Ex: If a display appears more reddish relative to others, lower the Red Gain value; if greenish, lower the Green Gain, etc.).
If multiple gain values are adjusted upward, reduce Sub-Contrast value.
- User Contrast value of 55 is automatically assigned when calibration starts.

Calibration Process Summary , cont.

Ex: 3x2 configuration

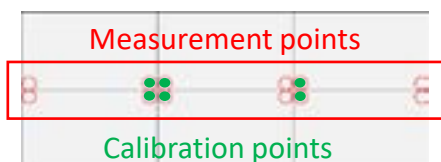
Step 1.
RS232C connection.



Step 2.
SpyderX connection.



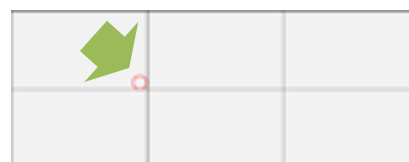
Step 3.
Click to check “View Pattern”
& “Point” boxes.



Step 4.
x/y coordinates, Lv measurements
of 12 adjacent corner points
using SpyderX (refer to Screen
Configuration window).



Step 5.
Click the “To Target”
button to save the
calculated values as
the target values.



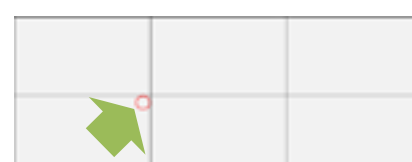
Step 6.
Position the SpyderX on the first
calibration point and click “Start
Calibration”. Refer to “Screen
Configuration for confirmation of
calibration point after clicking.



Step 7.
Position the SpyderX on the next
calibration point (Set ID 2) and click
“Start Calibration”.



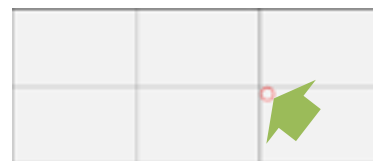
Step 8.
Position the SpyderX on the next
calibration point (Set ID 3) and click
“Start Calibration”.



Step 9.
Position the SpyderX on the next
calibration point (Set ID 4) and click
“Start Calibration”.



Step 10.
Position the SpyderX on the next
calibration point (Set ID 5) and click
“Start Calibration”.



Step 11.
Position the SpyderX on the next
calibration point (Set ID 36) and click
“Start Calibration”.

- After completing the above steps, conduct manual adjustments as needed.
(Ex: If a display appears more reddish relative to others, lower the Red Gain value; if greenish, lower the Green Gain, etc.).
If multiple gain values are adjusted upward, reduce Sub-Contrast value.
- User Contrast value of 55 is automatically assigned when calibration starts.

Calibration Process Summary , cont.

Ex: 4x2 configuration

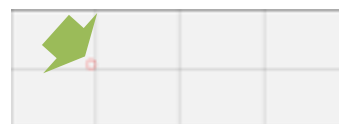
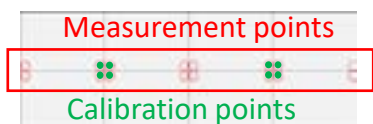
Step 1.
RS232C connection.



Step 2.
SpyderX connection.



Step 3.
Click to check “View Pattern”
& “Point” boxes.



Step 4.
x/y coordinates, Lv measurements
of 16 adjacent corner points
using SpyderX (refer to Screen
Configuration window).



Step 5.
Click the “To Target”
button to save the
calculated values as
the target values.



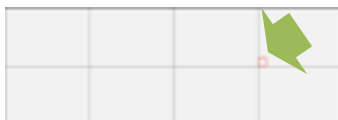
Step 6.
Position the SpyderX on the first
calibration point and click “Start
Calibration”. Position
the SpyderX on the first
calibration point and click
“Start Calibration”. Refer to “Screen
Configuration for confirmation of
calibration point after clicking.



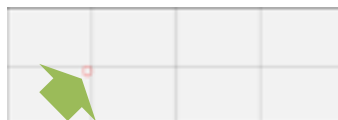
Step 7.
Position the SpyderX on
the next calibration point
(Set ID 2) and click “Start
Calibration”.



Step 8.
Position the SpyderX on
the next calibration point
(Set ID 3) and click “Start
Calibration”.



Step 9.
Position the SpyderX on
the next calibration point
(Set ID 4) and click “Start
Calibration”.



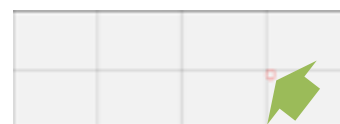
Step 10.
Position the SpyderX on
the next calibration point
(Set ID 5) and click “Start
Calibration”.



Step 11.
Position the SpyderX on
the next calibration point
(Set ID 6) and click “Start
Calibration”.



Step 12.
Position the SpyderX on
the next calibration point
(Set ID 7) and click “Start
Calibration”.



Step 13.
Position the SpyderX on
the next calibration point
(Set ID 8) and click “Start
Calibration”.

- After completing the above steps, conduct manual adjustments as needed.
(Ex: If a display appears more reddish relative to others, lower the Red Gain value; if greenish, lower the Green Gain, etc.).
If multiple gain values are adjusted upward, reduce Sub-Contrast value.
- User Contrast value of 55 is automatically assigned when calibration starts.

Manual Color Adjustment

Adjusting Display Brightness:

- Increase/reduce the value on Sub-contrast, Red gain, Blue gain, Green gain simultaneously.
- When the goal is adjusting brightness, it is recommended that the values be adjusted in intervals of 1.
- Keep watch of the differences on the display as values are adjusted.

Basic Color Adjustment:

When one display looks more reddish than other displays, users should reduce the red gain value of that display, keeping watch of the differences manifested on the display as you decrease the value. Increasing green and blue gain may yield similar results while slightly increasing brightness. Users may need to compensate for changes in brightness caused by gain increases or decreases by increasing or decreasing Sub Contrast values. If gain values have been increased, sub contrast values may require decrease, and vice-versa.


Problem & Solution:

Problem	Solution
More Red	Reduce red gain or increase blue and green gain.
More Green	Reduce green gain or increase blue and red gain.
More Blue	Reduce blue gain or increase red and green gain.
More Yellow	Reduce red gain and green gain or increase blue gain.
More Red Pink	Reduce red gain and blue gain or increase green gain.
More Dark Green	Reduce green gain and blue gain or increase red gain.
More White	Reduce red gain, green gain and blue gain.

Calibration Errors and Readjustment


Error messages may appear during calibration when the maximum or minimum values are reached for Sub Contrast, Sub Brightness, Gain, or Offset. The software will conduct automatic adjustments to Target Values for up to three calibration attempts.

After this, manual adjustment of Target Values may be necessary. Below is a summary of what happens during a max or min value failure:

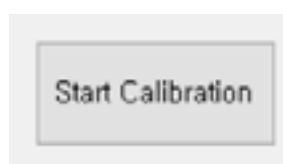


Step 1. If a max or min value failure occurs, the log will indicate the failure type and the message above will appear in a pop-up window. Click “Yes” to automatically adjust target values.


Target Values will be changed automatically.



Step 3. The pop-up message above will appear after Target Value adjustment. Click “OK” to proceed.

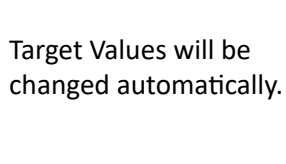


Step 4. Click “Start Calibration” to begin a second calibration attempt.




Step 5. In the event of a second calibration failure, the log will indicate the failure type and the pop-up message above will appear. Click “Yes” to automatically adjust target values once more.

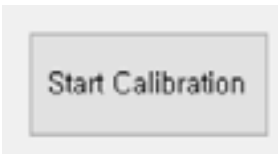
Target Values will be changed automatically.




Step 6. Target values will be adjusted once again—further minor adjustments to the full white target Lv and an increase in gray 30% target Lv.



Step 7. In the event of a third calibration failure, the log will indicate the failure type and the pop-up message above will appear. Click “Yes” to automatically adjust target values a final time.



Step 8. Click “Start Calibration” to begin a third calibration attempt.



Step 9. In the event of a third and final calibration failure, the pop-up message above will appear. Further manual adjustments to target values may be necessary. Consult with [p.11](#) for more information on max/min value failures.

Max & Min Value Calibration Failures

Basic Information on Calibration Failures

When a maximum (128) or minimum (0) Color Control Value is reached before completion of the calibration process, calibration automatically stops. An error message will appear in red in the log located at the bottom/center of the user interface. This message will indicate whether the failure is a max or min value failure, and it will also indicate the specific Color Control Value involved (e.g. Sub Contrast max, Sub Brightness max, Blue Offset min).

Calibration Failures and Likely Causes

Sub Contrast: If a failure message indicates that the Sub Contrast maximum value has been reached before completion of calibration, it is likely caused by the Target Lv for Full White being too high for the target set. This typically means that the set which was targeted during the calibration failure has a relatively low capacity for luminance at Full White compared with other sets in the video wall array.

Red, Green, Blue Gain or Offset Failure: Max or min value failures can be related to inherent differences in both luminance and “default” color states of individual panels, as color values are tied to luminance. Differences in color characteristics can lead to individual sets’ limitations in reaching ranges of target x, y coordinates. This failure likely means that set targeted during the calibration failure has inherent, significantly different color characteristics and/or luminance limitations relative to the other sets in the video wall array.

Sub Brightness: This can be related to inherent limitations in target luminance for Gray 30%. A Sub Brightness failure typically requires that the user increase the target Lv for Gray 30%.

Final Countermeasure

“Advanced”: Follow steps 1-3 on [p.4](#).

Before starting Step 4, check the box for “Advanced” located above the “To Target” button.

When pressing the “To Target” button after measuring, “Target Values” for x/y coordinates values will be averaged. Full White target value will be the lowest value measured, while the Gray 30% target will be an average of measurements.

Step 4: Proceed with Steps 4-10 on [p. 4](#).

